

Basic Study Questions

For

Grade Three

Grade 3 First Semester (Chapters 1-15)

3.1. Who is God?

God is the all-perfect pure spirit. He is eternal - He always has been and always will be.

3.2. How many Divine Persons are there in one God?

There are THREE Divine Persons in one God: God the Father, God the Son, and God the Holy Spirit.

3.3. What do we call the Three Persons in one God?

We call the Three Persons in one God the Blessed Trinity.

3.4. Who created us?

God created us, body and soul, in His image.

3.5. Why do we say God is the Creator of Heaven and earth?

God is the Creator of Heaven and earth because to create means to make something out of nothing, and He made Heaven and earth out of nothing.

3.6. What is the soul?

The soul is an invisible gift from God that gives us life. The soul gives us the power to think and to love, to do what is right and good. The soul lives forever.

3.7. For what purpose did God create us?

God created us to know Him, love Him, and serve Him in this life, and to be happy with Him forever in Heaven.

3.8. What is prayer?

Prayer is talking with and listening to God.

3.9. What is the prayer which Jesus taught His Apostles to pray?

The prayer which Jesus taught His Apostles to pray is the Lord's Prayer, also called the Our Father.

3.10. Who are our first parents?

Adam and Eve were the first man and woman made by God; they are our first parents.

3.11. What are prophets?

Prophets were holy men who prepared people for the coming of the Savior, Jesus Christ.

3.12. What is the Bible?

The Bible is the holy book that contains God's Law and teachings. It also tells us about the things Jesus said and did while He was on earth. God inspired the holy men who wrote the Bible; it is the Word of God. It is also called Sacred Scripture.

3.13. What are the two parts of the Bible?

The two parts of the Bible are the Old Testament and the New Testament.

3.14. What is a parable?

A parable is a story which Jesus told about ordinary people in order to teach about the Kingdom of God.

3.15. What is Sacred Tradition?

Sacred Tradition is God's teaching, which was not written in the Bible, but was passed on through words and deeds.

3.16. What do Sacred Scripture and Sacred Tradition teach us?

Sacred Scripture and Sacred Tradition teach us everything we need to know to live a good and happy life that is pleasing to God.

3.17. What is sin?

Sin is choosing to do something we know is wrong. Sin is disobedience to God's Law.

3.18. What is Original Sin?

Original Sin is the sin of Adam and Eve. It is the first sin committed on earth. We are all born with this sin on our soul.

3.19. How is Original Sin taken away?

Original Sin is taken away by the grace of God received in Baptism.

3.20. What is grace?

Grace is the gift of God's life in our soul. We receive grace from the Sacraments, from prayer and from doing good works.

3.21. What are angels?

Angels are invisible spirits. They praise God and are God's helpers.

3.22. What do we call the angels who turned away from God?

We call the angels who turned away from God, devils.

3.23. After Adam and Eve sinned, what did God promise?

After Adam and Eve sinned, God promised to send a Savior.

3.24. Did the savior come right away?

No, the savior did not come for many years.

3.25. What is faith?

Faith is a gift from God which makes us able to believe in Him and everything He teaches us.

3.26. Who was Abraham?

Abraham is the father of God's chosen people (Israelites). He was willing to sacrifice his only son in obedience to God.

3.27. Who is Moses?

Moses was a leader and prophet of the Israelites. God gave Moses the Ten Commandments to pass on to his people.

3.28. What is a covenant?

A covenant is a promise.

3.29. How did God keep His covenant to take care of the Israelites as they travelled to the Promised Land?

God kept his covenant to the Israelites by parting the Red Sea so they could cross it on their way to the Promised Land. He also provided food (manna), quail meat, and also water from a rock as they made their way through the desert.

3.30. What is Passover?

Passover is a celebration of the night God's Angel of Death passed over the houses of the Israelites, whose doors were marked with the blood of a lamb.

3.31. What are the Ten Commandments?

The Ten Commandments are the moral laws that God gave to Moses on Mt. Sinai. These laws are for all God's people until the end of time.

3.32. What are the Ten Commandments?

1. I am the Lord your God; you shall not have other gods before Me.
2. You shall not take the name of the Lord your God in vain.
3. Remember to keep holy the Lord's Day.
4. Honor your father and your mother.
5. You shall not kill.
6. You shall not commit adultery.
7. You shall not steal.
8. You shall not lie.
9. You shall not covet your neighbor's wife.
10. You shall not covet your neighbor's goods.

3.33. Who was David?

David was the boy who killed the giant Goliath in defense of God's people. He grew up to be a great king of Israel. Jesus descended from the family of David.

3.34. What do the first three Commandments teach us?

The first three Commandments teach us how to worship, love and respect God.

3.35. What do the last seven Commandments teach us?

The last seven Commandments teach us how to be kind and fair to each other.

3.36. What are the two Great Commandments which Jesus taught us?

- a. Love God with all your heart, soul, mind and strength.
- b. Love your neighbor as yourself.

3.37. What is worship?

Worship is the love, honor and adoration which we give to God. We are called to worship and serve God alone.

3.38. How many gods are there?

There is ONE God.

3.39. What does it mean to be reverent?

To be reverent means to show respect.

3.40. Why do Christians consider Sunday to be the Lord's Day?

Christians consider Sunday to be the Lord's Day because Jesus rose from the dead on Easter Sunday morning.

3.41. What is the best way to keep the Lord's Day holy?

The best way to keep the Lord's Day holy is to go to Mass. It is also important not to do unnecessary work on Sundays and Holy Days of Obligation.

3.42. What are Holy Days of Obligation?

Holy Days of Obligation are those days on which the Church celebrates something very special. These days are just like Sundays in that the faithful are obligated to go to Mass.

3.43. What does it mean to honor our Father and Mother?

To honor our Father and Mother, we must love, respect and obey them. We should also respect and obey anyone who is in authority over us.

3.44. What does "You shall not kill" mean?

"You shall not kill" means we should always try to do what is right to others – including our enemies – and to mend any wrong which we have done to other people. It also means we should not harm the life of anyone.

3.45. What does purity mean?

Purity means being clean in what we think, do, and say. We should be modest and should stay away from movies, books, and pictures that are not good examples to us.

3.46. What does covet mean?

To covet means to want something more than we should; especially wanting something that belongs to someone else.

3.47. What does it mean to “bear false witness”?

To bear false witness means to tell a lie.

3.48. What are truth and honesty?

Truth is how things actually are. Honesty means telling the truth.

3.49. What is forgiveness?

Forgiveness is giving pardon to someone who has done something wrong.

3.50. In what four ways is sin committed?

Sin is committed by thoughts, words, and deeds and also by omissions.

Omissions are things we should do, but choose not to do.

3.51. What are the two kinds of sin that we commit?

The two kinds of sin we commit are mortal and venial sin.

3.52. What is mortal sin?

Mortal sin is a very grave sin done on purpose with full knowledge that it is wrong; it kills all life of grace in our soul.

3.53. What is venial sin?

Venial sin is a less serious act of disobedience against the Law of God.

3.54. Through what Sacrament are sins forgiven?

Sins are forgiven through the Sacrament of Penance, also called Confession.

3.55. What is an examination of conscience?

An examination of conscience is when we think about what we have done wrong in preparation for Confession.

3.56. What is sorrow for sins? What is contrition?

Sorrow for sins is sadness and hatred for the sins we have committed because we know they have offended God. Sorrow should make us decide not to sin again.

Contrition means sorrow.

3.57. Will God always forgive us?

Yes, God will always forgive our sins if we are truly sorry for committing them.

3.58. Through whom does God forgive our sins?

God forgives sins through our priests; Jesus gave them the power to forgive sins.

3.59. What is penance?

Penance is what the priest tells you to do to help you make up for the wrong you have done.

3.60. What is absolution?

Absolution is the words said by the priest in the Sacrament of Penance that take away our sins.

3.61. What are the five steps to make a good Confession?

- a. Examination of conscience to know what your sins are
- b. Be sorry for your sins
- c. Make up your mind not to sin again
- d. Tell your sins to a priest in the Sacrament of Penance
- e. Do the penance the priest gives you

3.62. What was the name of the angel who told Mary she was chosen to be the Mother of God's Son?

The angel who told Mary she would be the Mother of God's Son was Gabriel.

3.63. Who is the Mother of Jesus?

The Mother of Jesus is the Blessed Virgin Mary.

3.64. Was Mary free from Original Sin?

Yes, Mary was free from Original Sin from the very first moment of her life. She is the Immaculate Conception.

3.65. Who is St. Joseph?

St. Joseph is Jesus' father on earth (foster-father).

3.66. Where was Jesus born?

Jesus was born in Bethlehem, in a stable and placed in a manger.

3.67. Who is Jesus Christ?

Jesus Christ is the Second Person of the Blessed Trinity; He is true God and true man.

3.68. What is Christmas?

Christmas is the birthday of Jesus.

3.69. Who is the Holy Family?

Jesus, Mary and Joseph make up the Holy Family.

3.70. What is the Epiphany?

The Epiphany is the feast celebrated to remember the wise men who followed a star to Bethlehem to adore Jesus, and to bring Him gifts fit for a king.

Grade 3 Second Semester (Chapters 16-30)

3.71. Who was John the Baptist?

John the Baptist was the last of the prophets. He was a cousin of Jesus; he prepared people for the coming of Jesus; he baptized Jesus.

3.72. What special event happened as Jesus was baptized by St. John the Baptist in the Jordan River?

As Jesus was baptized by St. John the Baptist, the Holy Spirit came down upon Him in the form of a dove and God the Father spoke from Heaven saying, "This is My Beloved Son, in Whom I am well pleased."

3.73. What is a mystery?

A mystery is something we cannot fully understand, but we believe because God has told us it is true.

3.74. What is the Incarnation?

The Incarnation is the mystery of God becoming man: the Second Person of the Blessed Trinity, Jesus Christ.

3.75. Is Jesus Christ God and man?

Yes, Jesus Christ is true God and true man.

3.76. What is a miracle?

A miracle is something wonderful done by the power of God; it can only be done by God.

3.77. Why did Jesus perform miracles?

Jesus performed miracles to prove that He was God.

3.78. What feast were Jesus and His Apostles celebrating at the Last Supper?

Jesus and His Apostles were celebrating the Jewish feast of Passover at the Last Supper.

3.79. When was the first Mass celebrated?

The first Mass was celebrated on Holy Thursday when Jesus and His Apostles shared the Last Supper.

3.80. What is the Sacrament of the Holy Eucharist?

The Holy Eucharist is the Sacrament in which Jesus comes to us under the appearance of bread and wine. It truly is the Body and Blood of Christ. Jesus gave us the Sacrament of the Eucharist at the Last Supper.

3.81. What is a sacrifice?

A sacrifice is something that is offered to God; it is giving up something that we like as a way to show God how much we love Him.

3.82. Why did the Son of God become man?

The Son of God became man to save us from sin and to open the gates of Heaven for us.

3.83. What happened on Good Friday?

On Good Friday, Jesus died on the Cross.

3.84. Why did Jesus suffer and die on the Cross at Mount Calvary?

Jesus suffered and died to make up for the sins of all mankind and to open the gates of Heaven.

3.85. What are the Stations of the Cross?

The Stations of the Cross are a devotional prayer in which we think about the suffering and death of Jesus. There are fourteen Stations.

3.86. What is the Holy Mass?

The Holy Mass is the sacrifice of Jesus on the Cross offered to God, by the priest, in every Catholic Church. It is also the gift of Jesus in the Eucharist.

3.87. Is the Sacrifice of the Mass the same sacrifice as the Sacrifice of the Cross?

The Sacrifice of the Mass is the Sacrifice of the Cross; the only difference is in the way it is offered.

3.88. What is worship?

Worship is the love, honor and adoration which we give to God. We are called to worship and serve God alone.

3.89. What is the Gospel?

Gospel means “good news”; the Gospel tells the story of the life, death and resurrection of Jesus.

3.90. Why do we stand as the Gospel is read at Mass?

We stand to hear the Gospel read at Mass because we are hearing Jesus’ own words spoken to us.

3.91. What is the Creed?

The Creed is a prayer telling what we believe about God and His Church.

3.92. Are we required/obliged to go to Mass?

We are obliged to go to Mass on Sunday and Holy Days of Obligation.

3.93. Why can priests today change the bread and wine into the Body and Blood of Jesus?

Jesus gave the power to change bread and wine into His Body and Blood to His Apostles and they gave it to the bishops and priests who came after them.

3.94. When during the Mass do the bread and wine become the Body and Blood of Jesus?

The bread and wine become the Body, Blood, Soul and Divinity of Jesus at the prayer of Consecration.

3.95. What do we call the change of bread and wine into the Body and Blood of Christ?

The change of bread and wine into the Body and Blood of Christ is called transubstantiation.

3.96. After the Consecration, is there nothing left of the bread and wine?

After the Consecration, neither bread nor wine is present any longer. Only the appearances of bread and wine remain.

3.97. When the Host is broken into several parts, is the Body of Jesus Christ broken?

When the Host is broken into several parts, the Body of Jesus is not broken. The Body of our Lord remains whole and entire in each of the parts (even the tiniest crumb).

3.98. Does Jesus remain in the Blessed Sacrament after the Mass?

Yes, Jesus remains in the Blessed Sacrament after the Mass. The Holy Eucharist (Jesus) is kept in the Tabernacle.

3.99. What is the New Covenant?

The New Covenant is the full friendship with God established by Jesus Christ through His sacrifice on the Cross. We share in the covenant through Holy Communion.

3.100. What three things are necessary before receiving Holy Communion?

- a. Be in a state of grace (free from mortal sin)
- b. Believe it is truly Jesus you are receiving
- c. Fast for one hour before receiving Communion

3.101. What are the effects of receiving the Eucharist worthily?

Receiving the Eucharist worthily fills our soul with grace - Jesus' own life; it helps us to become more like Him. It removes venial sins from our soul. The Eucharist gives us strength to become the person God wants us to be.

3.102. What is the Resurrection?

The Resurrection is Jesus rising from the dead. We celebrate this on Easter Sunday.

3.103. What is the Ascension?

The Ascension is the return of Jesus to Heaven forty days after He rose from the dead.

3.104. What is a disciple?

A disciple is a follower/student of Jesus.

3.105. Who are the Apostles?

The Apostles were twelve men who learned from Jesus and then were sent to share His message with all people. "Apostle" means one "who is sent".

3.106. Who is the Holy Spirit?

The Holy Spirit is the Third Person of the Blessed Trinity. The Holy Spirit is God.

3.107. What happened on Pentecost?

On Pentecost, ten days after the Ascension, the Holy Spirit came to Mary and the Apostles, giving them courage and knowledge.

3.108. What is the role of the Holy Spirit in the Church?

The Holy Spirit teaches all truth, strengthens us for spiritual battle and helps us to understand our Faith. The Holy Spirit gives us knowledge and courage to bring other people to the Faith.

3.109. When do we receive the Holy Spirit?

We receive the Holy Spirit when we are baptized.

3.110. Who founded/started the Catholic Church?

Jesus Christ started the Catholic Church.

3.111. What is the Church?

The Church is the group of followers of Jesus who are baptized, believe the same Faith, receive the Sacraments, and obey the Pope.

3.112. Who is the Pope?

The Pope is the head of the whole Church on earth. He is the Successor of St. Peter. He is the chief leader and teacher of the Catholic Church on earth.

3.113. Who was the first Pope?

St. Peter was the first Pope.

3.114. What is a Bishop?

A bishop is a man who does the work of the Apostles and takes care of a large group of Catholics. A bishop helps us to keep learning and growing in our Faith; they preach, teach, and guide.

3.115. What is a priest?

A priest is a man who has received the Sacrament of Holy Orders and who can forgive our sins, offer Holy Mass, and change bread and wine into the Body and Blood of Christ. Priests help the bishop to preach, teach and guide.

3.116. What is a religious?

A religious is a man or a woman who is dedicated to God in a special way.

3.117. What is a missionary?

A missionary is a person who works to spread the Good News of Jesus all over the world.

3.118. What is a martyr?

A martyr is someone who dies for his faith in Jesus.

3.119. What is a saint?

A saint is a holy person who loved and served God very much on earth and now is in Heaven.

3.120. What does "catholic" mean?

Catholic means "universal" or "for all".

3.121. What is a Sacrament?

A Sacrament is an outward sign made by Christ to give us grace.

3.122. Name the seven Sacraments.

- a. Baptism
- b. Penance
- c. Holy Eucharist
- d. Confirmation
- e. Marriage
- f. Holy Orders
- g. Anointing of the Sick

3.123. What is a Christian?

A Christian is a baptized follower of Christ.

3.124. What is the Immaculate Conception?

Mary – our Blessed Mother - is the Immaculate Conception because she was free from Original Sin from the very first moment of her life.

3.125. What is Heaven?

Heaven is the place of perfect happiness with God forever.

3.126. What is purgatory?

Purgatory is where souls are cleansed of all venial sin and prepared for Heaven. Purgatory is temporary.

3.127. What is Hell?

Hell is a place for souls that chose to turn their back on God in this life. Hell is forever.

3.128. What is the Communion of Saints?

The Communion of Saints is the unity of all the members of the Church on earth with those in Heaven and Purgatory.

3.129. What makes up the Communion of Saints?

- The Communion of Saints is made up of:
- a. the victorious souls in Heaven
 - b. the suffering souls in Purgatory
 - c. the militant souls on earth (us).

3.130. What will happen at the end of the world?

At the end of the world, God will gather all of the people who have ever lived and He will judge the lives of each one. This is called the Last Judgment.

Prayers and Lists

1. The Sign of the Cross

In the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Spirit. Amen.

2. Glory Be

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son, and to the Holy Spirit, as it was in the beginning is now and ever shall be world without end. Amen.

3. The Guardian Angel Prayer

Angel of God, my guardian dear, to whom God's love commits me here. Ever this day be at my side to light and guard, to rule and guide. Amen.

4. Hail Mary

Hail Mary, full of grace the Lord is with thee. Blessed art thou among women, and blessed is the fruit of thy womb, Jesus. Holy Mary, Mother of God, pray for us sinners, now and at the hour of our death. Amen.

5. The Lord's Prayer (Our Father)

Our Father, Who art in Heaven, hallowed be Thy name; Thy kingdom come; Thy will be done on earth as it is in Heaven. Give us this day our daily bread; and forgive us our trespasses as we forgive those who trespass against us; and lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil. Amen.

6. An Act of Contrition

O My God, I am heartily sorry for having offended Thee, and I detest all my sins, because of Thy just punishments, but most of all, because they offend Thee my God, Who are all good and deserving of all my love. I firmly resolve, with the help of Thy grace, to sin no more and to avoid the near occasion of sin. Amen.

7. The Prayer of Fatima

O my Jesus, forgive us our sins, save us from the fires of Hell and lead all souls to Heaven, especially those in most need of Thy mercy. Amen.

8. Prayer to Saint Michael

St. Michael, the Archangel, defend us in battle. Be our protection against the wickedness and snares of the devil. May God rebuke him, we humbly pray, and do thou, O prince of the Heavenly hosts, by the power of God, cast into Hell Satan and all the evil spirits who prowl about the world, seeking the ruin of souls. Amen.

9. Name the Ten Commandments (in order)

1. I am the Lord your God; you shall not have other gods before Me.
2. You shall not take the name of the Lord your God in vain.
3. Remember to keep holy the Lord's Day.
4. Honor your father and your mother.
5. You shall not kill.
6. You shall not commit adultery.
7. You shall not steal.
8. You shall not lie.
9. You shall not covet your neighbor's wife.
10. You shall not covet your neighbor's goods.

New to Third Grade:

10. Grace before meals

Bless us, O Lord, and these Thy gifts, which we are about to receive from Thy bounty, through Christ Our Lord. Amen.

11. Grace after meals

We give Thee thanks for all Thy benefits, O Almighty God, who lives and reigns forever. Amen.

12. Name the Seven Sacraments

- a. Baptism
- b. Penance
- c. Holy Eucharist
- d. Confirmation
- e. Marriage
- f. Holy Orders
- g. Anointing of the Sick

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Books of the Old Testament

Genesis	Exodus	Leviticus	Numbers	Deuteronomy
Joshua	Judges	Ruth	1 Samuel	2 Samuel
1 Kings	2 Kings	1 Chronicles		2 Chronicles
Ezra	Nehemiah	Tobit	Judith	Esther
1 Maccabees	2 Maccabees	Job	Psalms	Proverbs
Ecclesiastes	Song of Songs	Wisdom	Sirach	Isaiah
Jeremiah	Lamentations	Baruch	Ezekiel	Daniel
Hosea	Joel	Amos	Obadiah	Jonah
Micah	Nahum	Habakkuk	Zephaniah	Haggai
Zechariah	Malachi			

Books of the New Testament

Matthew	Mark	Luke	John
Acts	Romans	1 Corinthians	2 Corinthians
Galatians	Ephesians	Philippians	Colossians
1 Thessalonians	2 Thessalonians		
1 Timothy	2 Timothy	Titus	Philemon
Hebrews	James	1 Peter	2 Peter
1 John	2 John	3 John	Jude
Revelation			

Please note: Go to the Parish website (<http://straymonds.org/>) and under the Religious Education drop down menu look for *The Catholic Books of the Bible Song* video – there you will find a catchy tune by which the children can learn these names.