11 15 16

Administrative Information

- The Bible Study Class will be presented in the parish hall every <u>Tuesday morning</u> from 9:30 A.M. until 11 A.M. beginning September 13, 2016 and ending May 24, 2017 except for the following Tuesdays related to a holiday:
 - Nov 8, 2016 Election Day
 - Nov 22, 2016 Thanksgiving Week
 - Dec 20, 2016 Christmas Week
 - Dec 27, 2016 New Year's Week
 - Apr 11, 2017 Holy Week
- The same class will be given every <u>Tuesday evening</u> from 7:30 until 9:00 P.M. in the parish hall
- Contact info (703) 644-5873; email rew6710@gmail.com
- Inclement weather decision will be based on Fairfax County Public School announcements

• In **2**nd **Kings 6** *Elisha*:

- Presents the miraculous recovery of an ax head from the Jordan River (2 K 6:1-7)
- Turns a bunch of Syrian troops over to the king of *Israel* with instructions to feed them rather than kill them, resulting in their returning home and not conducting future raids against *Israel* (2 K 6: 8-23)
- Is accused by the King of Israel of causing the severe famine in the land resulting in acts of infanticide and cannibalism (2 K 6:24-33) *

- In **2**nd **Kings 7** *Elisha*:
- Prophesies about the lifting of the famine when the Syrian army mysteriously flees from their camp allowing the Israelites to plunder their camp for food as prophesied (2 K 7:1-20) *

- In 2nd Kings 8 Elisha:
- Tells the woman and son he raised from the dead at **Shunem** (2nd Kings 8:1-2) to flee from the upcoming 7 year famine
- Upon their return Gehazi, the servant of Elisha, was relating the story of this woman and her son to the King Joram of Israel who upon meeting her directed that her house be restored (2 K 8:3-6)

Israelite Kings Date Chart (Based on the chronology of John Bright)

Dennis Bratcher

The United Monarchy				
Dates (BC)	Kingdom of the Israelites			
1020-1000	Saul			
1000-961	David			
961-922	Solomon			
The Divided Kingdoms				
Dates (BC)	Israel (Northern)	Judah (Southern)	Dates (BC)	
922-901	Jeroboam I	Rehoboam Abijah	922-915 915-913	
901-900	Nadab	0.00	012 072	
900-877	Baasha	Asa	913-873	
877-876	Elah			
876	Zimri Tibni	Jehoshaphat	873-849	
876-869	Omri	Jenosnapnac	8/3-849	
869-850	Ahab			
850-849	Ahaziah	Jehoram	849-843	
849-843	Joram (Jehoram)	Ahaziah	843	
843-815	Jehu	Athaliah (non-Davidic Queen)	843-837	
815-802	Jehoahaz	Joash	837-800	
802-786	Jehoash (Joash)	Amaziah	800-783	
786-746	Jeroboam II	Uzziah (Azariah)	783-742	
746-745	Zachariah	Jotham (co-regent)	750-742	
745	<u>Shallum</u>		742-735	
745-737	<u>Menahem</u>	Jotham (king)		
737-736	<u>Pekahiah</u>			
736-732	<u>Pekah</u>	Ahaz	735-715	
732-724	<u>Hoshea</u>			
721	Fall of Samaria			
		Hezekiah	715-687	
		Manasseh	687-642	
		Amon	642-640	
		<u>Josiah</u>	640-609	
		Jehoahaz	609	
		<u>Jehoikim (Eliakim)</u>	609-598	
		Jehoiachin (Jeconiah)	598-597	
		Zedekiah (Mattaniah)	597-587	

- At this point we see *Elisha* fulfilling the mission given by God to *Elijah* on Mt Sinai in 1st Kings 19:15-17*
- Elisha anoints Hazael as King of Syria and weeps because he knows how much damage he will do to the people of Israel
- Jehoram (Joram) of Judea marries Athaliah, the daughter of Ahab and Jezebel
- Edom revolts
- Amaziah, son of Jehoram, becomes king of Judah; his mother,
 Athaliah, was the granddaughter of Omri King of Israel *

- Elisha directs one of the sons of the prophets to anoint Jehu King of Israel, who in turn kills Joram King of Israel and throws his body in the field of Naboth (2K 9:1-26)
- Upon seeing this Ahaziah, King of Judah, flees with Jehu following him and upon catching him kills him at Megiddo (2K 9:27-28)
- Jehu goes to Jezreel where he has the eunuchs of Queen Jezebel throw her out of the window of her house killing her (2 K 9:29-37)
- This fulfilled the word of the Lord spoken by Elijah (1K 21:23)*

- King *Jehu* of Israel:
 - Slays all of the 70 sons of Ahab in Jezreel as prophesied by Elijah in 1 K 21:21-22 (2 K 10:1-11)
 - Meets and kills the relatives of Ahazah, King of Judah, who had come to visit the prince and sons of the Queen mother (2 K 10:12-14)
 - Rounds up all the worshipers of Baal in Samaria and puts them to the sword (2 K 10:15-27)
 - Was praised by the Lord who promised that his sons would sit on the throne of *Israel* for 4 generations (2 K 10:28-36)

 Failed to turn away from the sins of *Jeroboam* (the worship of *Apis* the golden calf)

King *Hazael* of Syria begins to attack and capture many places in Israel

Jehu dies and is succeeded by his son Jehoahaz *

- Meanwhile in Judah, (after King Ahaziah was killed by Jehu), Athaliah, the Queen Mother, attempts to kill all of the royal family, and then begins to rule
- Jehosheba, the daughter of King Joram, sister of King Ahaziah, and wife of the priest Jehoiada, took Joash, the remaining son of King Ahaziah and hides him for six years
- In the seventh year Jehoiada the priest called on the king's guards to protect the young man, anointed him King of Judah, and calls for the death of Athaliah
- The people then destroyed the temple of Baal*

- Jehoash reigned for 40 years and he did what was right in the eyes of the Lord but did not take down the high places
- He sought to collect money to repair the Temple (2 K 12:1-16)
- Hazael, King of Syria, after capturing parts of Israel, came to attack Jerusalem
- Jehoash took money and treasures from the Temple and paid off King Hazel who withdrew
- The sons of the King's servants entered into an agreement and killed King Jehoash (Joash)
- His son Amaziah reigned in his stead (2 K 12:17-21) *

- During this time Jehoahaz, son of Jehu, reigned in Israel for 17 years in Samaria
- Israel was constantly attacked by Hazael of Syria who eventually destroyed the army of Israel
- Jehoahaz dies and is succeeded by his son Joash who reigned for 16 years during which time he continued to fight with Judah
- Joash dies and is replaced by Jeroboam II (2 K 13:1-13)
- Now we return to the final story about the Prophet Elisha

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- Elisha becomes sick and is about to die
- Joash, King of Israel, goes to see him and weeps before him
- Elisha directs Joash to perform a few acts with his bow and arrows and then promises that Israel will defeat the Syrians in three battles

- Elisha dies and is buried in a cave
- After a time a band of *Moabites* comes and interrupts a funeral procession causing the men to throw the dead man's body into the tomb of *Elisha*
- As soon as the body touched the corpse of *Elisha* the dead man is restored to life!
- Elisha had previously demonstrated the power to raise people from the dead but here we see that his dead body also has the power to do the same

- From acts like this the Church developed her theology of "relics"
- If God can raise someone from the dead through Elisha when he is alive, He can raise someone from the dead after Elisha was dead
- Thus Judeo-Christian tradition has always had the custom of keeping things that touched someone who was touched by God
- So if someone touches a piece of clothing of a prophet, he was touching the prophet

- We see this in the Acts of the Apostles when the people took pieces of cloth and touched them to Paul and then touched the cloth to the sick and they were healed
- This is what is called a 2nd class relic *