## 2021-2022 RCIA #2

9/20/21

## Early Church History Leading To The Nicene Creed

- 1<sup>st</sup> 3<sup>rd</sup> centuries Roman Persecution Christianity underground
- 313 A.D. Edict of Milan ending Christian persecutions
- 313 A.D. onward the rise of a multitude of questions about the Faith
- 4th and 5th centuries the need for Church councils

### Introduction and Overview (Cont)

#### Early Heresies

- Judaizers said had to be a Jew to be a Christian
- Gnostics secret knowledge
- Dualism two gods: one good, one bad
- Montanism end of the world was imminent
- Manacheism two equal gods run everything
- Arianism Jesus was not divine
- Nestorianism Mary was not the mother of God
- Apollinariansm Jesus had an incomplete human nature

### Introduction and Overview (Cont)

- Early Councils
  - **Jerusalem** 50 A.D. *Gentiles can become Christians without becoming Jews rejected Judaizers*
  - **Nicaea** 325 A.D. *Christ is the same as God rejected Arianism*
  - Constantinople 381 A.D. HS is the same as God and Jesus – rejected revised Arianism
  - **Ephesus** 431 A.D. –*Blessed Mother was the Mother of God rejected Nestorianism*
  - Chalcedon 451 A.D. Christ possessed two natures: human and divine rejected Apollinariansm

### The Explosion of Christianity

- 12 Apostles
- Grew to over
- 2.2 Billion Christians
  - In the World by
    - 2010

# Part I: The Creed (Chapter 1)

The Purpose of Man's Existence

- Why Am I Here?
- What Must I Do?
- Who Will Tell Me?

### The Nicene Creed

 The first section of the Nicene Creed deals with God the Father:

> I believe in one God, the Father almighty maker of heaven and earth of all things visible and invisible.

## How in antiquity did man understood God?

- What was among the most important things to primitive man?
  - Fertility
- What form of worship did primitive man employ
  - Polytheism
- How did primitive man attempt to satisfy his gods?
  - Through animal and sometimes human sacrifices

### The gods of Egypt

- The Ancient Egyptians had around 8700 gods in total
  - Approximately 64 Egyptian gods played a vital role in Ancient Egyptian life
  - By the mid 400's there was record of over 2000 deities worshipped in Ancient Egypt
  - Almost every village in Egypt had it's own gods
  - Every time a new Pharaoh came into power the whole culture recognized his gods as the best so they were always changing

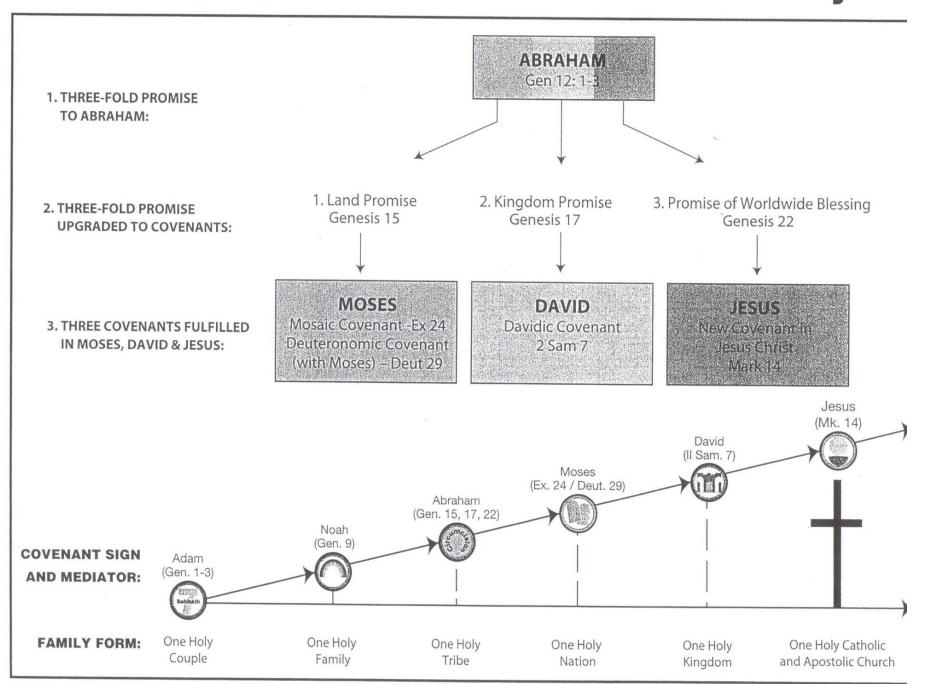
### The God of Israel

- How did the form of worship change with the call of Abraham?
  - Monotheism
- How did the people of Israel come to know how to worship God?
  - The Promises to Abraham
    - Land
    - Descendants
    - Blessing and Redemption
  - The Law given to Moses
  - The Covenants between the God of Israel and His people

### 1<sup>st</sup> Century Worldview (Cont)

- Covenants
  - Abraham Circumcision
  - Moses The LAW
  - David The Kingdom
  - Jesus The Kingdom of God
    - One Holy, Catholic and Apostolic Church

#### **Covenantal Structure of Salvation History**



### What was the Law?

- The first five books of the Bible (Torah, Pentateuch, the Law)
- It contained:
  - The 10 Commandments
  - 613 Commandments (Laws) in the Old Testament
    - 248 Positive Commandments
    - 365 Negative Commandments
    - 30 Dietary laws

### The 10 Commandments

- I. I am the Lord thy God. Thou shalt not have strange gods before Me
- II. Thou shalt not take the name of the Lord thy God in vain
- III. Remember to keep holy the Lord's day
- IV. Honor thy father and thy mother
- V. Thou shalt not kill
- VI. Thou shalt not commit adultery
- VII. Thou shalt not steal
- VIII. Thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbor
- IX. Thou shalt not covet thy neighbor's wife
- X. Thou shalt not covet thy neighbor's goods

### The Purpose of Man's Existence

- What is the definition of a person?
  - A being with an intellect and will
- How many kinds of persons exist?
  - God (Trinity) pure spirit except for the human Jesus
  - Angels pure spirit
  - Humans body and spirit

#### Why Am I Here?

- From God's point of view
  - To give glory to God and show His goodness
  - To reflect His gift to us of an immortal and spiritual soul
  - To accept His willingness to share His happiness with us

#### Why am I here?

- From our point of view
  - To accept His love even though it is not fully understandable in this life
  - To grow in happiness despite the fact that it cannot be fulfilled in this life
  - To achieve the ultimate end of man the beatific vision (heaven)

#### What must I do to attain heaven?

- Love the Lord your God with all your heart, soul and mind; and to love your neighbor as yourself
- Love is:
  - Based on knowledge
  - Decision of the will
  - Self-gift
  - Permanent
  - Open to life
- We are obliged to learn to love God
- We are called to do things for God
- We need to be open to His Supernatural gifts of grace

- Who will tell me how to do this?
  - Jesus who:
    - Calls us to know, love and serve God in this life
    - Was sent to show us the way:
      - Redemption
      - Establish the Church

- Left the Church under the Holy Spirit to give us the Divine Revelation (the Deposit of Faith)
  - Public Revelation ended with death of last Apostle
    - Sacred Scriptures
    - Sacred Tradition
  - Private Revelation we are not bound to accept
- We can also use the Catechism of the Catholic Church as source for the Deposit of Faith